



Procore Technologies (NYSE: PCOR)

Position: ***SHORT***

Price as of March 12th: \$57.03

Price Target: \$41.87 (26.58% *upside*)

Timeline: 24 Months

Team Peacore

Team Members:

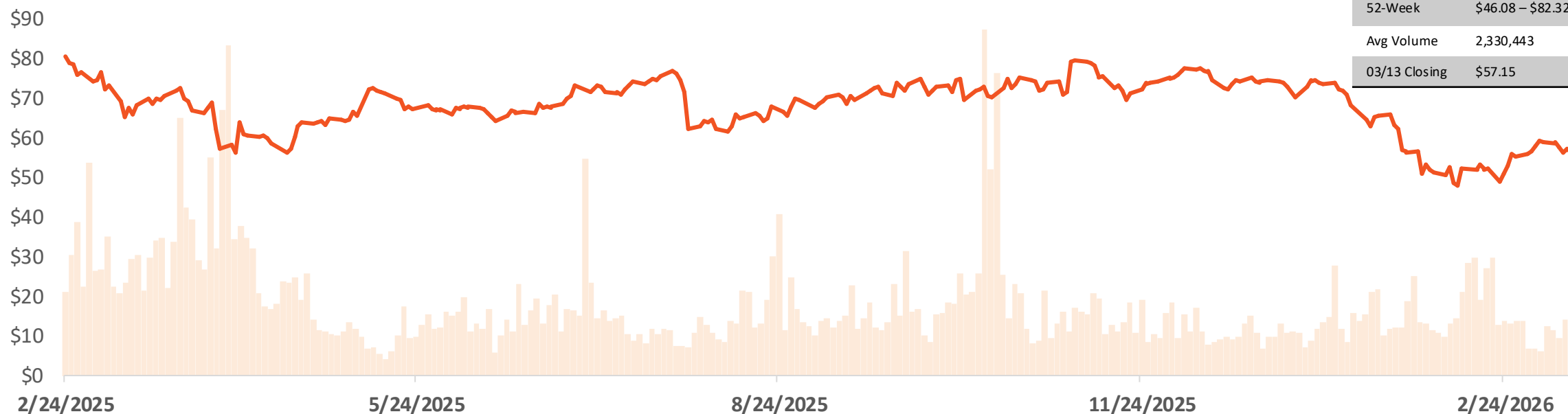
Nguyen Phan Anh Vu

Trang Pham

Willem Young

Executive Summary

PROCORE®



Market Cap	\$10.95B
52-Week	\$46.08 – \$82.32
Avg Volume	2,330,443
03/13 Closing	\$57.15

Revenue Growth is Everything

We initiated our research process by examining the common ground of **newly IPO SaaS** companies like Procore and find out: With young software companies that have consistent **Net Loss**, heavy expense on **Research & Development** and **Sales & Marketing**, **Revenue Growth** is the strongest indicator of their health. Once the Revenue Growth **decelerates**, their investors should be worried. As the easiest construction customers are already won, **Net Retention Rate** (NRR) will **decline**, meaning the existing base is shrinking its contribution to growth just as **new logo acquisition** gets **harder** and **more expensive**.

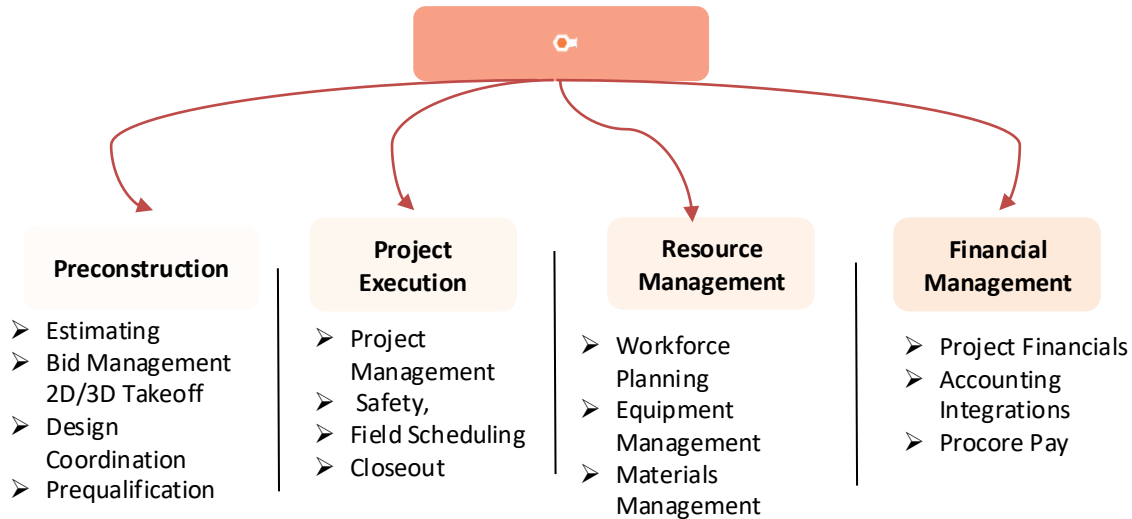
Procore Difference

Unlike their competitors (Autodesk, Bentley, Salesforce, Trimble), pricing their customers based on **seats** or **user counts**, Procore's pricing model is based on **Annual Construction Volume (ACV)**. This will outperform the peers in a **bullish** construction market and be hit harder in a **bearish** environment.

Business Overview

PROCORE®

Software Products



Core business – built exclusively for construction

Vertical SaaS platform

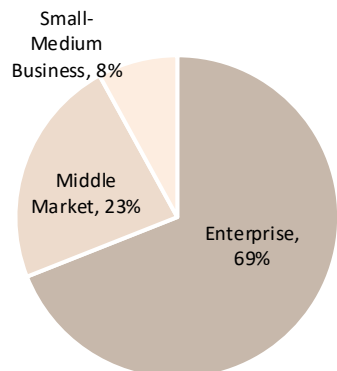
- Connect **[Owners]** + **[General contractors]** + **[Specialty contractors]**
- Manage workflows, share data, and collaborate from any connected device across the full project lifecycle.

%-of-ACV Subscription model

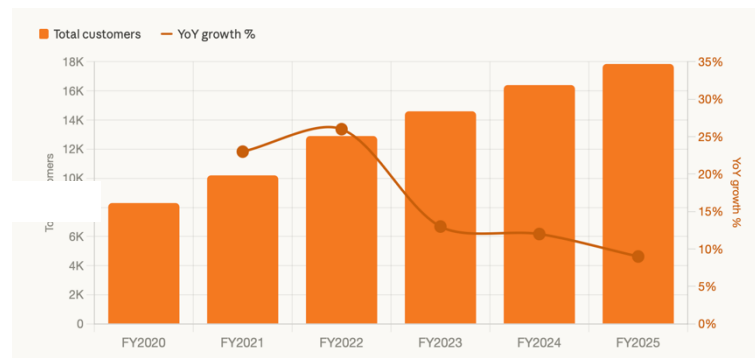
- Procore generates all revenue from subscriptions
- Subscription model tied to **annual construction volume (ACV)**
- Unlimited-user model (customers can invite employees, subcontractors, or any person to participate in workflow)

Customers

ACV Commitment by Customer Type



Customer Growth



Stickiness

It is deeply embedded across workflows and stakeholders, making switching costly

78% Total ARR use **4+** products

52% Total ARR use **6+** products

106% Net Revenue Retention

95% Gross Retention

\$100K+ ARR customers: **2,710**
66% of total ARR

\$1M+ ARR customers: **115**
20% of total ARR

17,850 Total Customers + **2M** Users

Market Overview

PROCORE®

Management in Q4'25 call: Procore sees a "clear path to drive durable growth, meaningfully expand margins, and compound free cash flow per share over the long term."

Management's Opportunity

\$15T

2030 global construction spend

\$10T

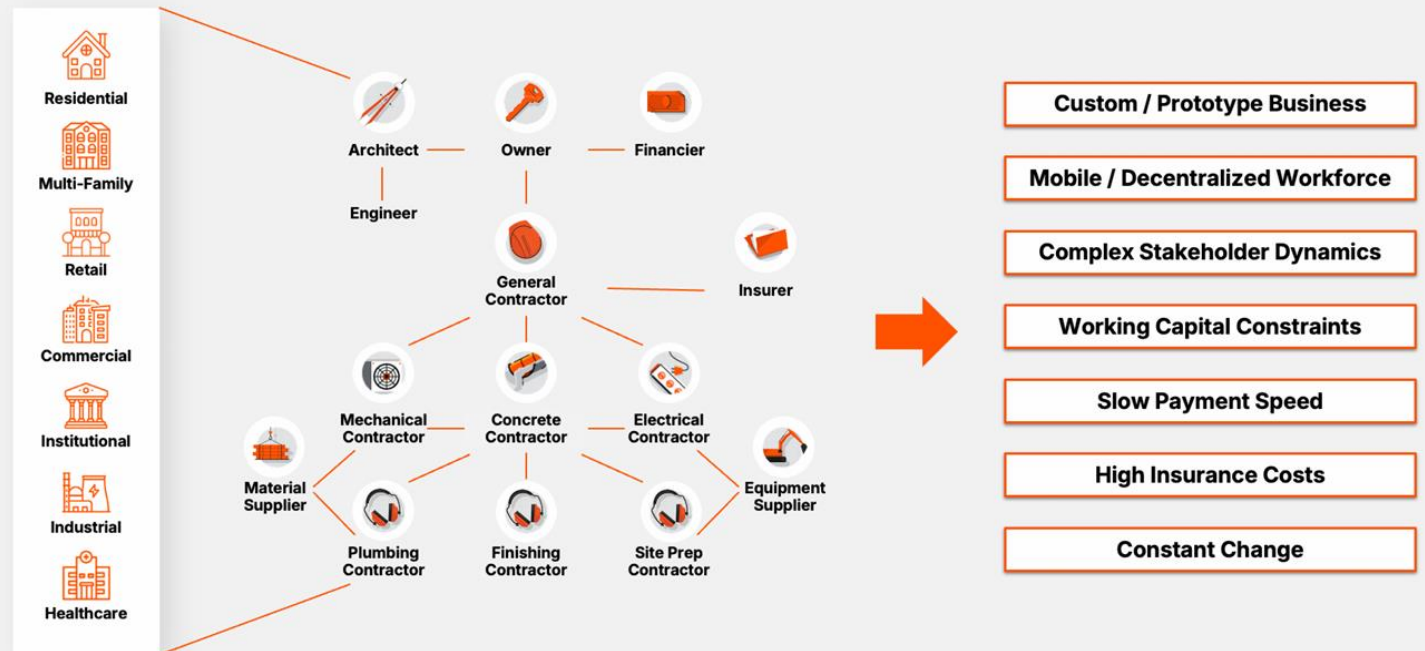
"Triple TAM" across three stakeholders

\$1T+

Committed annual construction volume on Procore

- **Construction** remains **highly fragmented** and **under-digitized**, which supports demand for a shared system across owners, GCs, and specialty contractors.
- **Procore** is positioned as the only **fully integrated construction** software connecting owners, general contractors, and subcontractors across the project lifecycle.
- **Management** argues this network creates a **system-of-record** advantage (entire workflow is tracked) that competitors cannot replicate, due to focusing on one job within the pyramid on the right (eg: Trimble's focus: design).

Construction Is Highly **Complex & Dynamic**



Procore is the biggest player in providing vertical construction management software, a super dynamic, complex, and fragmented market

Thesis Overview

PROCORE®

Rabbit Hole

Construction-volume tied pricing is a macro trap on slower construction growth

Limited AI Runway

Management preaches AI as a differentiator, despite limited adoption and regulatory concerns

False Growth

Backlog of contracts will eventually run out, tanking cRPO and revenue growth as a result

Current Price: \$57.15

SELL

**UPSIDE
26.58%**

Target: \$41.87

What the Market Is Missing



Thesis	Market View	Our View	Time Horizon
%-of-ACV Pricing	The market expects the construction market to rebound coming years due to the increase of Total Construction Spending	Total Construction Spending seems to rebound because of high cost inflation -> Real growth is negative	1Q26-4Q27: Total Construction Spending real growth <0, affecting ACV growth => Revenue growth < Consensus (13%)
AI Adoption	Market sees AI as a real opportunity : (1) PCOR is the pioneer (2) AI facilitates tasks in construction projects	After 1 year of launching, only 2.2% of Procore users use Procore AI . Construction is the industry has lowest digitization index	FY25-FY28: PCOR's margin will be hit by keep investing in AI without generating revenue
cRPO as Growth Proxy	The market leans on 22% cRPO growth and the "biggest bookings quarter ever" as evidence that revenue can reaccelerate .	Spike in cRPO comes from longer contract durations (customers shift to pooled contract), not organic growth	Q3-Q4'26: cRPO growth should be normalized back to revenue growth level -> Revenue growth will keep decelerating

Short PCOR with Price Target of \$41.07 (upside 26.58%)

No Matter How Many Users You Have...



Procore doesn't disclose their **ACV**, so we estimate from **Revenue** using their **Pricing Model** for Different Customers

**ENTERPRISE**
>\$1M ARR Customers

201 customers (Q4'25)

Avg ARR: **\$1.70M** per customer per year
Pricing Rate: **0.08%** of ACV

Q4'25 Rev = 201 x \$1.70M / 4 = **\$85.4M**
Implied ACV = \$85.4M / 0.08% = **\$106,781M**

**MID-MARKET**
\$100K–\$1M ARR Customers

2,448 customers

Avg ARR: **\$0.21M** (\$210K)
Pricing Rate: **0.12%** of ACV

Q4'25 Rev = 2,448 x \$0.21M / 4 = **\$128.5M**
Implied ACV = \$128.5M / 0.12% = **\$107,100M**

**SMB**
<\$100K ARR Customers

14,531 customers

Avg ARR: **\$0.03M** (\$30K)
Pricing Rate: **0.20%** of ACV

Q4'25 Rev = 14,531 x \$0.03M / 4 = **\$109.0M**
Implied ACV = \$109.0M / 0.20% = **\$54,491M**

STEP 1: Estimate Revenue Per Tier
 $Rev_{tier,q} = N_{tier,q} \times ARR_{tier} / 4$

STEP 2: Reverse-Engineer ACV
 $ACV_{tier,q} = Rev_{tier,q} / r_{tier}$

STEP 3: Aggregate Total ACV
 $ACV_{total} = ACV_{>1M} + ACV_{mid} + ACV_{smb}$

N = customer count (from PCOR 10-K/10-Q) ARR = avg annual revenue per customer (estimated)
r = revenue as % of ACV (the pricing rate, estimated from disclosed concentration data)

TOTAL IMPLIED ACV: Q4 2025 WALKTHROUGH

\$106.8B Enterprise (40%)	\$107.1B Mid-Market (40%)	\$54.5B SMB (20%)
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TOTAL IMPLIED ACV = **\$268,373M** (\$268.4 Billion)

BLENDED PRICING RATE

$r_{blended} = Actual\ Revenue / Total\ ACV$
 $= \$349.1M / \$268,373M = \mathbf{0.130\%}$

Construction Spending is Still Declining



Construction Market will shrink FY26-FY27, questioning the ability to meet Revenue growth Guidance

%-of-ACV Based Pricing (Procore)

- Customers commonly pay 0.08-0.20% of their ACV for software access.
- **Pros:** No user limit encourages further digital collaboration across contractors, subcontractors, and project stakeholders for customer.
- **Cons:** Revenue is directly tied to construction activity, leaving revenue more at risk to macroeconomic headwinds.

Total Construction Spending will increase next year?

- Market expects Construction Market to rebound coming years
 - **AIA Consensus** forecast 1% growth for FY26 and 2.2% growth for FY27
 - **Weighted average PPI (WAPPI)** for construction shows high materials' cost inflation. The **consensus** growth has **not** backed out the **inflation**
- **Real Construction Spending (TCS)** will shrink **-2.15%** FY26 and **-2.37%** FY27

$$\text{Real Growth of Total Construction Spending}_t = \left(\frac{TCS_t / WAPPI_t}{TCS_{t-1} / WAPPI_{t-1}} \right) - 1$$

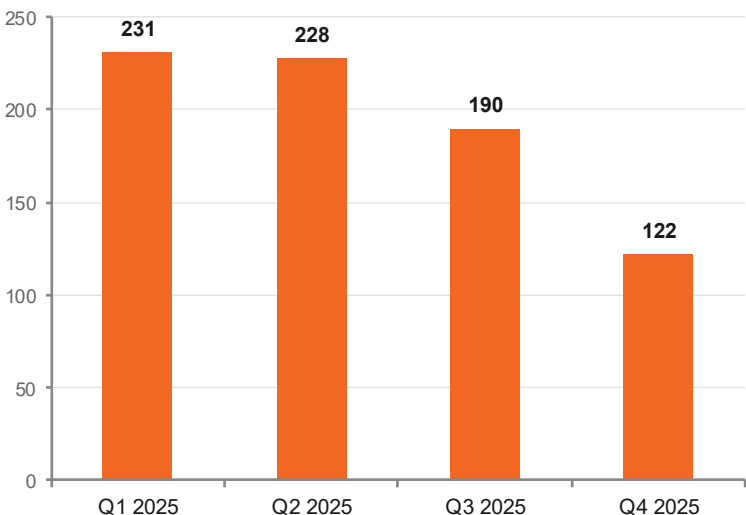
Customer Additions Already Declining

- Organic enterprise **customer additions** have **declined 47% YoY** (231 to 122) and have declined every quarter since Q4 2024.
- **Management** stated in Q4 earnings call that **customer adds** is too influenced by **small-medium businesses** (9% of revenue), so they no longer disclose it.

Revenue Growth is not what Management said

- 4Q25 Earnings **guided** FY26 Revenue Growth as **13%**
- Shrinking Construction Market will affect the PCOR's ACV -> We model **FY26 Revenue Growth = 11.1%**
- The market is pricing by Guidance Growth, supporting our **Short** Thesis for PCOR

Enterprise Customer Additions (Q1-Q4 2025)



“Data Center” - Investors Hope or Nope?

The Setup: Data Centers Are the Only Bright Spot

- Data Center construction is the **only segment** expecting strong growth. AIA Consensus forecasts **+26.3% YoY** for FY26 — far outpacing every other category.
- Investors see this as a potential lifeline for the construction market, and management **knows it**. Over the past 5 years, mentions of "data center" in earnings calls have surged from **0 to 9 per quarter**.

The Reality: It Doesn't Move the Needle

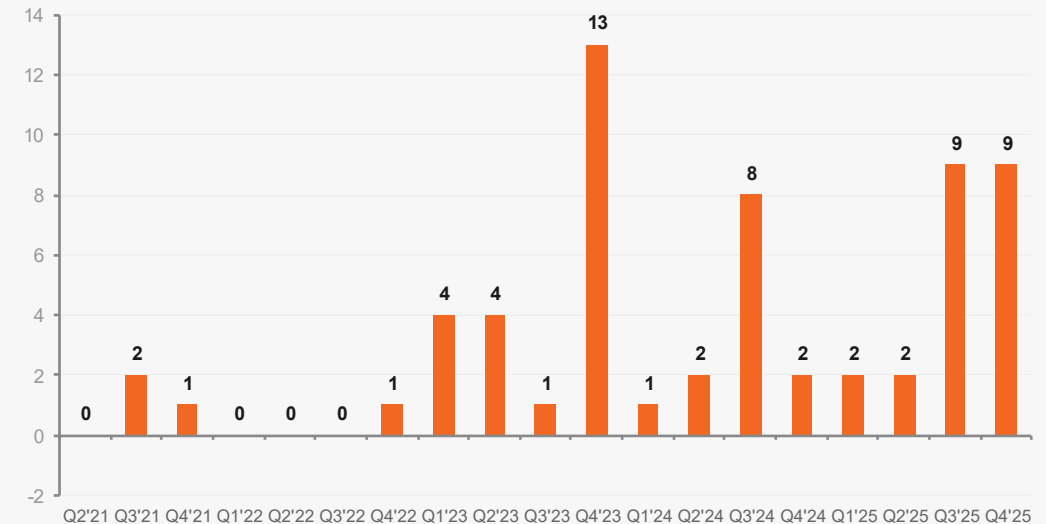
2% of US Construction Spending is Data Center construction. Even a 50% surge adds only ~1% to total construction spending.

Small “It’s just **one piece** of an extremely large opportunity for us across all segments of construction” - CEO

JPMorgan Research: Data center construction specialists **prefer Autodesk and Bentley** over Procore for their robust features and reliability in design. Procore was viewed as **lacking in customer service and integration** — the exact capabilities needed for complex data center builds.

The Disconnect: Management mentions "data center" 9 times per call for a segment that is **2%** of the market and a **small portion** of their own business. They are feeding the narrative investors want to hear.

"Data Center" Mentions in Earnings Calls (per quarterly earnings call transcript)



Trend: Mentions surged from 0 (2021) to 9+ per call (2025) — a clear escalation timed with investor focus on data center infrastructure.

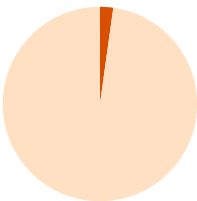
Data center hype does not translate to Procore revenue. The segment is too small (2% of CS), Procore lacks competitive positioning (JPM), and management's own words confirm it's immaterial. The narrative is noise, not signal.

Can We Really Trust AI in Building Home?



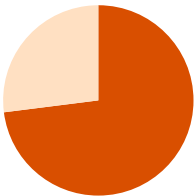
AI Adoption Reality: Professionals Refuse

2.2% Procore AI adoption rate since 2024

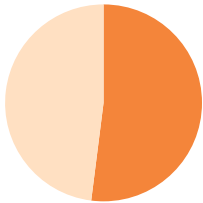


66,000 active AI users out of 3 million total platform users

73% professionals DON'T use AI*



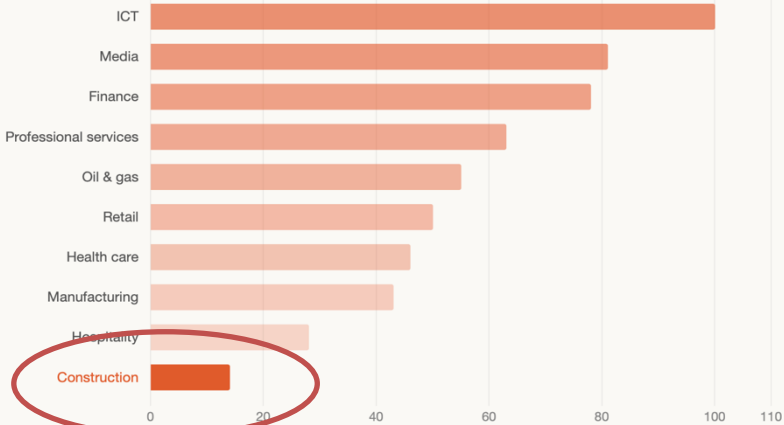
52% professionals use paper for design*



Bluebeam's 2026 AEC Technology Outlook press release of 1000 technology decision-makers

Construction still has a LONG way to adopt AI

McKinsey industry digitization index — construction vs. peers



AI adoption requires devices on site
→ consistent connectivity
→ digital workflows
→ data literacy
→ AI trust
=> Construction is between phase 1 and 2

Construction: lowest McKinsey Digitization Index

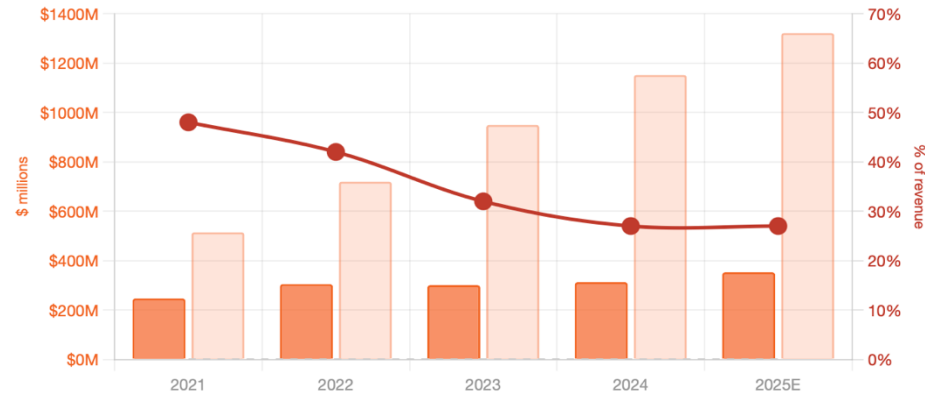
Thesis 2

Company will continue investing in R&D and S&M because **AI is their primary lever** for the go-to market strategy. This will **hurt Procore's margins** because **AI will not contribute to revenue** until estimated 2028 while \$1.52B in cumulative R&D has already been spent with zero material top-line AI contribution (confirmed by the CFO on the Q4 2025).

R&D SPEND (\$M) VS REVENUE (\$M) · R&D AS % OF REVENUE · AI REVENUE = 0%

Revenue (\$M) — left axis R&D spend (\$M) — left axis R&D % of revenue — right axis

AI revenue % — right axis (0%)



AI REVENUE:

\$0

The market is paying today for AI revenue that will not arrive until at least 3 years

Procore is spending ~\$350M/year on R&D, using **AI as justification** for its premium valuation multiple. While the CFO confirms AI contributes **zero revenue** meaning investors are paying a growth premium for a cost center.

cRPO Growth Will Not Last Long...



What is cRPO?

Current remaining performance obligation: Contracted revenue that is expected to convert within the next 12 months. Investors use it as an outlook on revenue, especially in SaaS companies where growth is so fast.

Why is cRPO Misleading for Procore?

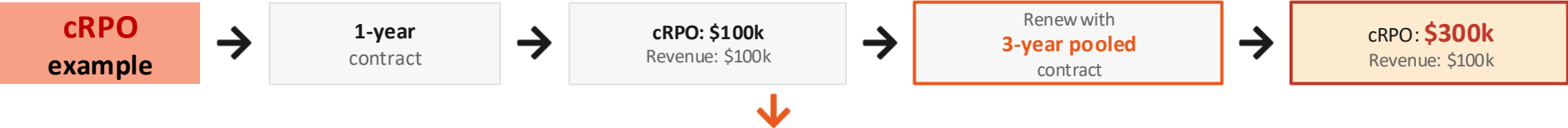
- **cRPO** can increase for **2 reasons**: stronger demand **or** longer contract duration. Procore reported 22% YoY cRPO growth in Q4 2025, while only reporting 15.6% revenue growth, **indicating backlog growth exceeded revenue growth.**
- Multi-year contracts increase the amount of **revenue recognized as backlog** upfront, artificially **inflating** near-term cRPO growth even if project **pipelines remain unchanged.**
- Revenue growth has already decelerated from **28.7%** in Q4 2023 to **16.2%** in Q4 2024 and **15.6%** in Q4 2025, suggesting underlying demand is slowing **despite elevated cRPO growth.**

28.7% → 16.2% → 15.6% Revenue YoY deceleration (Q4'23 → Q4'24 → Q4'25)

What Actually Drives cRPO Growth

- Procore increasingly signs **multi-year enterprise agreements**, which expand backlog even when **new construction volume remains flat.**
- Procore has **2,710 customers** generating **>\$100K ARR**, representing **66% of total ARR**, meaning contract structure changes among large customers can materially impact cRPO growth.
- Management described Q4 2025 as the "**largest bookings quarter ever**", but noted the strength was driven by **contract structure and duration effects** rather than a step-change in demand. (**Booking**: the total value of contracts signed during a period, including future revenue.)

2,710 customers at >\$100K ARR = **66% of total ARR** Contract shifts here spiking the cRPO



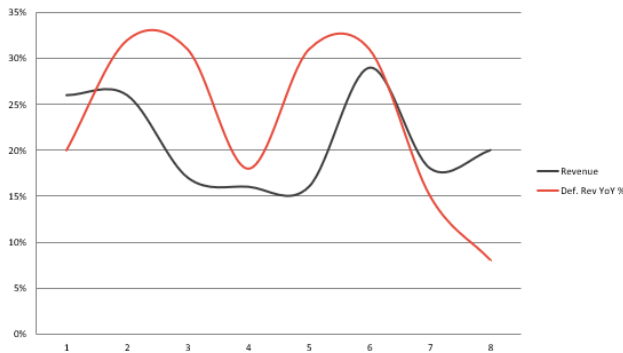
Procore can thus **inflate cRPO** by negotiating longer pooled contracts, without having any noticeable change in demand

cRPO growth can be manipulated by contract duration and enterprise deal structure. Therefore, it may **overstate underlying demand** and **future revenue growth.**

...Especially When Backlog Runs Out

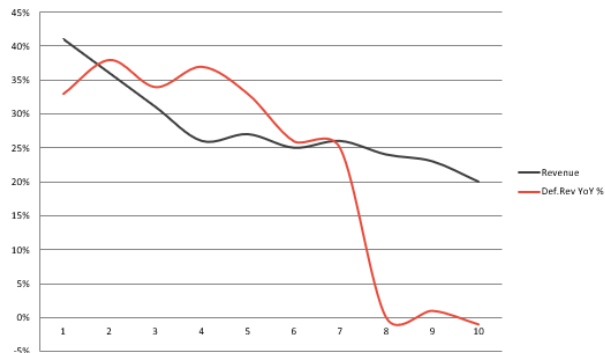
When historical SaaS firms cRPOs lead revenue, it would self-correct in no more than 6 quarters after the backlog ran out.

Veeva Systems Deferred Revenue vs. Revenue (Q4'18 to Q4'22)



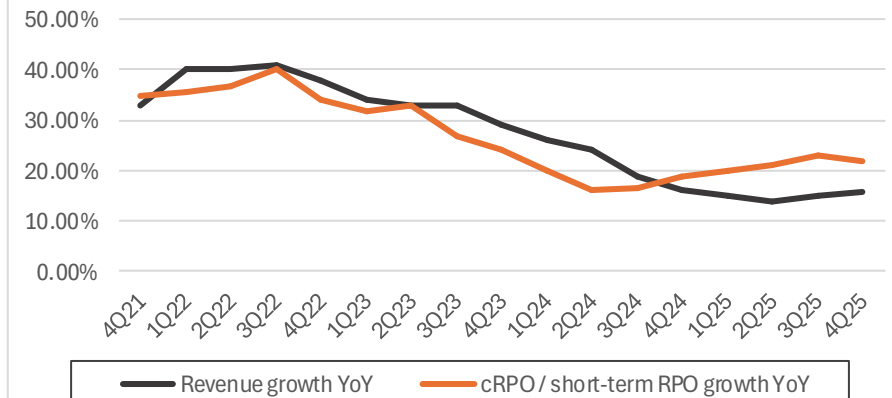
- Veeva's transition from **annual to multi-year** Commercial Cloud contracts temporarily **inflated cRPO growth by ~8–10pts** above revenue growth as future revenue was pulled forward into backlog.
- Once the contract transition lapped, **cRPO growth fell ~9pts in a single quarter**, converging with revenue growth and triggering a ~15% stock selloff despite revenue meeting guidance.

HubSpot Deferred Revenue vs. Revenue (Q1'22 to Q2'24)



- HubSpot **pushed customers toward 2-year contracts**, causing **cRPO growth to exceed revenue growth** by 8–11pts between Q3'22 - Q1'23 as backlog expanded from longer contracts.
- By Q3'23 (7), cRPO growth fell to 25%, roughly matching 26% revenue growth, after which **cRPO growth tanked to 0% from Q4'23 (8) – Q2'24 (10)**

Procore is next...



- Procore's **cRPO growth** is **currently 22%**, whereas its **revenue growth** is only **15%**, leaving a sizeable **7% gap**.
- Given that **management noted the growth in cRPO** was mostly due to **contract durations increasing**, it is likely that Procore will follow the **same pattern** as HubSpot or Veeva.
- The **only way** for Procore to **avoid cRPO growth decreasing** is from an **increase in construction volumes**, which is **unlikely** considering that planning is down 4-7% MoM.

Risks, Mitigants, and Catalysts



Despite potential upside risks, upcoming catalysts and weakening fundamentals support the likelihood of a repricing in Procore's valuation.

Risks and Mitigants:

Pooled contracts masking genuine expansion: 22% cRPO growth could represent at least some increase in demand, net the pooled contracts.



Mitigant: Peer SaaS firm historical shows cRPO-revenue divergences self-correct within 2-4 quarters as backlog conversion runs out and growth reverts.

Faster AI adoption than expected: Widespread AI adoption in construction industry could improve margins.



Mitigant: After 2+ years as a feature, usage sits at just 2.2% amid a low-skilled workforce (70% of users less than HS educated), supporting low near-term adoption.

Construction rebounds or adoption persists: Volume recovery or sticky ACV pricing could sustain growth despite macro softening.



Mitigant: Net customer additions have already collapsed 47% YoY (231 to 122), exemplifying how saturation hit before any cycle rebound could materialize.

Even if adoption or **macro conditions improve** modestly, **Procore's valuation** already reflects **sustained high growth**, leaving limited upside and **asymmetric downside** if growth expectations normalize.

Catalysts:

1: Revenue Growth Deceleration Becomes Visible:

As construction activity slows, Procore's ACV-based pricing links revenue to project volume. With commercial construction already declining 7.2% M/M and institutional down 4.4% M/M, revenue growth is likely to slow down.

2: cRPO Growth Normalizes: Much of PCOR's 22% cRPO growth comes from increasing contract durations, which inflates cRPO. As the backlog runs out, cRPO will likely fall below revenue growth, like with SaaS peers, signaling weaker demand than the market expected.

3: Construction Planning Continuing to Decline: If the Dodge Consensus continues to decline, it would signal that Procore's end market is deteriorating faster than market expectations.

Valuation

Equity Value per Share:

		WACC						
		10.00%	11.00%	12.00%	14.00%	16.00%	18.00%	20.00%
g	1.00%	\$14.12	\$12.97	\$12.04	\$10.63	\$9.61	\$8.86	\$8.28
	1.50%	\$14.70	\$13.43	\$12.41	\$10.88	\$9.79	\$8.99	\$8.38
	2.00%	\$15.35	\$13.93	\$12.81	\$11.14	\$9.98	\$9.13	\$8.48
	2.50%	\$16.08	\$14.49	\$13.25	\$11.44	\$10.19	\$9.28	\$8.60
	3.00%	\$16.92	\$15.13	\$13.74	\$11.76	\$10.41	\$9.44	\$8.72
	3.50%	\$17.89	\$15.84	\$14.29	\$12.10	\$10.64	\$9.61	\$8.84
	4.00%	\$19.02	\$16.67	\$14.91	\$12.49	\$10.90	\$9.79	\$8.98

Comparative-Based Valuation:

Ticker	EV/Rev (NTM)	EV/Rev (LTM)	EV/EBITDA	Rev Growth	Gross Margin
PCOR	8.5x	9.2x	N/A	14.5%	80.7%
GTM	5.2x	5.8x	45.0x	22.0%	78.0%
PEGA	9.0x	9.5x	55.0x	15.0%	78.0%
MNDY	14.0x	15.5x	150.0x	27.0%	89.0%
ESTC	8.0x	9.0x	80.0x	18.0%	75.0%
QXO	3.5x	4.0x	25.0x	12.0%	45.0%
DAY	11.0x	12.0x	90.0x	20.0%	82.0%
TRMB	6.5x	7.0x	22.0x	10.0%	65.0%
Median (ex-PCOR)	8.0x	9.0x			
Mean (ex-PCOR)	8.2x	9.0x			

Valuation Methodology

We use a 30/70 blended valuation between a DCF and 1-Year Forward EV/Revenue for our price target of **\$41.76**. The heavier weighting on comps reflects pricing in forward revenue and growth metrics, but we believe the market is not valuing macro/sustaining growth risk for Procore.

Why is DCF valuation so low?

- Consensus WACC is 14.3%, which is higher than our base-case of 14%. Sell-side does not typically use a DCF to evaluate Procore.
- Our model's revenue projections are also lower than consensus, reflected in expected lower construction spending, stemming from 4-7% decline in construction planning spending. Lower volumes for firms means less revenue for Procore as a result.

Why should multiples compress?

- **Cyclicality Mispriced:** Unlike SaaS peers, Procore's ACV pricing model ties revenue directly to construction volume, introducing macro cyclicality.
- **Backlog Quality:** 22% cRPO growth is driven by longer contracts, pulling forward backlog rather than increasing demand.
- **Limited Pricing Power:** Peers like Autodesk and Trimble price on users, which fuel revenue through seat growth/price increase as opposed to macro factors.

Conclusion - SELL

DCF:
\$11.76



Comps:
\$54.76



30% DCF,
70% Comps



Target:
\$41.76



Appendix

SHORT Procore Technologies (NYSE: PCOR)

Price as of March 12th: \$57.03

Price Target: \$41.87 (26.58% *upside*)

Timeline: 24 Months

Team Peacore

Team Members:

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Appendix: Revenue Forecast



in millions of dollars		Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	Q1 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Q4 2024	Q1 2025	Q2 2025	Q3 2025	Q4 2025
Historical Actual Revenue (\$M)																			
Actual Quarterly Revenue		132.0	146.1	159.5	172.2	186.4	202.1	213.5	228.5	247.9	260.0	269.4	284.3	295.9	302.0	310.6	323.9	338.9	349.1
Rev YoY Growth						41.2%	38.3%	33.9%	32.7%	33.0%	28.7%	26.2%	24.4%	19.4%	16.2%	15.3%	13.9%	14.5%	15.6%

ACV-Driven Revenue:

Q1 2026	Q2 2026	Q3 2026	Q4 2026	Q1 2027	Q2 2027	Q3 2027	Q4 2027	Q1 2028	Q2 2028	Q3 2028	Q4 2028	Q1 2029	Q2 2029	Q3 2029	Q4 2029
369.4	385.2	402.9	415.1	434.1	452.6	473.5	487.8	509.2	531.0	555.5	572.3	596.5	622.0	650.6	670.3
18.9%				17.5%				17.3%				17.1%			

cRPO-driven Revenue:

Q1 2026	Q2 2026	Q3 2026	Q4 2026	Q1 2027	Q2 2027	Q3 2027	Q4 2027	Q1 2028	Q2 2028	Q3 2028	Q4 2028	Q1 2029	Q2 2029	Q3 2029	Q4 2029
353.7	364.6	377.0	383.9	384.4	392.4	404.1	409.9	408.8	415.6	426.4	430.7	427.8	433.2	442.6	445.3
13.9%	12.6%	11.3%	10.0%	8.7%	7.6%	7.2%	6.8%	6.3%	5.9%	5.5%	5.1%	4.7%	4.2%	3.8%	3.4%

Blended Revenue:

Q1 2026	Q2 2026	Q3 2026	Q4 2026	Q1 2027	Q2 2027	Q3 2027	Q4 2027	Q1 2028	Q2 2028	Q3 2028	Q4 2028	Q1 2029	Q2 2029	Q3 2029	Q4 2029
355.3	366.7	379.6	387.0	389.3	398.4	411.1	417.7	418.8	427.2	439.3	444.9	444.7	452.1	463.4	467.8
14.4%	13.2%	12.0% FY2026		9.6%	8.7%	8.3% FY2027		7.6%	7.2%	6.9% FY2028		6.2%	5.8%	5.5% FY2029	

PROCORE®

	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	Q1 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Q4 2024	Q1 2025	Q2 2025	Q3 2025	Q4 2025
Customer Data																		
Customers >\$1M ARR	20 ⁺¹	26 ⁺⁶	30 ⁺⁴	36 ⁺⁶	40 ⁺⁴	50 ⁺¹⁰	58	68	82	97	108	122	137	155	163	174	188	201
Customers >\$100K ARR	1,225	1,377	1,481	1,553	1,645	1,755	1,821	1,907	2,009	2,119	2,175	2,248	2,318	2,404	2,458	2,516	2,581	2,649
Total Customers	12,462	13,156	13,549	14,012	14,574	15,017	15,469	16,067	16,548	16,977	16,915	16,890	17,034	17,028	17,150	17,090	17,220	17,180
Mid-Market (>\$100K, <\$1M)	1,205	1,352	1,431	1,518	1,605	1,705	1,763	1,839	1,927	2,022	2,067	2,126	2,181	2,249	2,295	2,342	2,395	2,448
SMB Customers	11,237	11,779	12,088	12,469	12,929	13,262	13,648	14,160	14,539	14,858	14,740	14,642	14,716	14,624	14,692	14,574	14,639	14,531
ACV Pricing Rates																		
Rate: >\$1M ARR	0.08%																	
Rate: >\$100K ARR	0.12%																	
Rate: SMB	0.20%																	
Avg ARR per Customer (\$M, ann.)																		
Avg ARR >\$1M Customer	1.7 ^{+0.1}																	
Avg ARR Mid-Market	0.210 ^{+0.01}																	
Avg ARR SMB	0.030 ^{+0.002}																	
Revenue Allocation by Tier (\$M)																		
Revenue from >\$1M Tier	8.5	10.6	12.8	14.9	17.0	21.3	24.7	28.9	34.9	41.2	45.9	51.9	58.2	65.9	69.3	74.0	79.1	85.4
Revenue from Mid-Market	63.3	71.0	75.1	79.7	84.3	89.5	92.6	96.5	101.2	106.2	108.5	111.6	114.5	118.1	120.5	123.0	125.7	128.5
Revenue from SMB	84.3	88.3	90.7	93.4	97.0	99.5	102.4	106.2	109.0	111.4	110.6	109.8	110.4	109.7	110.2	109.3	109.8	109.0
Total Estimated Revenue	156.0	169.9	178.5	188.0	198.2	210.2	219.6	231.6	245.1	258.8	265.0	273.3	283.1	293.6	300.0	306.2	314.6	322.9
Actual Revenue	132.0	146.1	159.5	172.2	186.4	202.1	213.5	228.5	247.9	260.0	269.4	284.3	295.9	302.0	310.6	323.9	338.9	349.1
Implied ACV by Tier (\$M)																		
ACV >\$1M Tier	10,625	13,281	15,938	18,594	21,250	26,563	30,813	36,125	43,563	51,531	57,375	64,813	72,781	82,344	86,594	92,438	98,813	106,781
ACV Mid-Market	52,719	59,150	62,606	66,413	70,219	74,594	77,131	80,456	84,306	88,463	90,431	93,013	95,419	98,394	100,406	102,463	104,781	107,100
ACV SMB	42,139	44,171	45,330	46,721	48,484	49,733	51,180	53,100	54,521	55,718	55,275	54,908	55,185	54,840	55,095	54,653	54,896	54,491
Total ACV	105,483	116,603	123,874	131,728	139,953	150,889	159,124	169,681	182,390	195,711	203,081	212,733	223,385	235,578	242,095	249,553	258,490	268,373
Blended ACV Rate	0.125%	0.125%	0.129%	0.131%	0.133%	0.134%	0.134%	0.135%	0.136%	0.133%	0.133%	0.134%	0.132%	0.128%	0.128%	0.130%	0.131%	0.130%
ACV Growth & Real CS Growth																		
ACV YoY Growth					32.7%	29.4%	28.5%	28.8%	30.3%	29.7%	27.6%	25.4%	22.5%	20.4%	19.2%	17.3%	15.7%	13.9%
Real CS YoY Growth (Annual)																		

Appendix: WACC/DCF Calculations



WACC CALCULATION — Procore Technologies (PCOR)

COST OF EQUITY (CAPM)	Value
Risk-Free Rate (Rf)	4.28%
Equity Risk Premium (ERP)	6.85%
Beta (Levered)	1.42
Cost of Equity (Ke)	14.01%

COST OF DEBT	
Annual Interest Expense (\$M)	1.2
Total Debt Outstanding (\$M)	46.2
Pre-Tax Cost of Debt (Kd)	2.50%
Marginal Tax Rate	21.00%
After-Tax Cost of Debt	1.97%

CAPITAL STRUCTURE	
Market Cap (\$M)	10,116
Total Debt (\$M)	46
Enterprise Value (E+D)	10,162
Equity Weight (E/V)	99.55%
Debt Weight (D/V)	0.45%

WACC	
WACC = E/V × Ke + D/V × Kd(1-t)	13.95%

WACC COMPONENT BREAKDOWN

Equity Contribution	13.94%
Debt Contribution	0.01%

DCF VALUATION — Procore Technologies (PCOR)

KEY INPUTS	
WACC	13.95%
Terminal Growth Rate	3.00%
Diluted Shares Outstanding (M)	177.0
Net Debt (\$M) = Debt - Cash	(434.5)
Current Share Price (\$)	\$57.15

UNLEVERED FREE CASH FLOW	FY2026	FY2027	FY2028	FY2029	Terminal
Revenue	1,488.6	1,616.5	1,730.1	1,828.0	
EBIT (Operating Income)	(124.3)	(89.8)	(47.7)	0.7	
Tax on EBIT (if positive)	-	-	-	0.0	
NOPAT	(124.3)	(89.8)	(47.7)	0.7	
+ D&A	68.9	74.8	80.0	84.6	
+ SBC (non-cash)	255.1	257.7	255.1	247.6	
- CapEx + Cap Software	133.2	144.6	154.8	163.6	
- Change in NWC	(58.7)	(38.3)	(33.9)	(28.6)	
Unlevered Free Cash Flow (UFCF)	125.2	136.3	166.5	197.9	
Terminal Year UFCF (FY2029)	197.9				
Terminal Value (Gordon Growth)	1,861				

DCF VALUATION	FY2026	FY2027	FY2028	FY2029	Terminal
Discount Period					
Period (mid-year)	0.5	1.5	2.5	3.5	3.5
Cash Flow	125.2	136.3	166.5	197.9	1,861
Discount Factor	0.937	0.822	0.721	0.633	0.633
Present Value	117.3	112.0	120.1	125.3	1,178.3
Sum PV of FCFs	474.7				
PV of Terminal Value	1,178.3				
Enterprise Value (DCF)	1,653				
Equity Value = EV - Net Debt	2,087				
DCF Price per Share (\$)	\$11.79				
Upside/(Downside) vs Current	-79.4%				

Appendix: Construction Spending Consensus Assumptions



Consensus		Actual	Forecast	
		\$	% Change	
		2025	2026	2027
Dodge Construction Network	Nonresidential Total	–	1.0	2.2
S&P Global, Market Intelligence	Commercial Total	–	3.0	3.5
	Office	–	6.0	3.9
Moody's Analytics	Data Centers	–	26.3	16.5
	Retail & Other Commercial	–	0.2	2.8
FMI	Hotel	–	3.2	5.3
	Warehouse	–	-2.2	2.8
ConstructConnect	Manufacturing	–	-3.9	-0.9
Associated Builders and Contractors	Institutional Total	–	2.7	2.8
	Health	–	4.6	4.0
Wells Fargo Securities	Education	–	1.5	1.1
	Amusement & Recreation	–	1.3	1.6
Markstein Advisors				
Piedmont Crescent Capital				

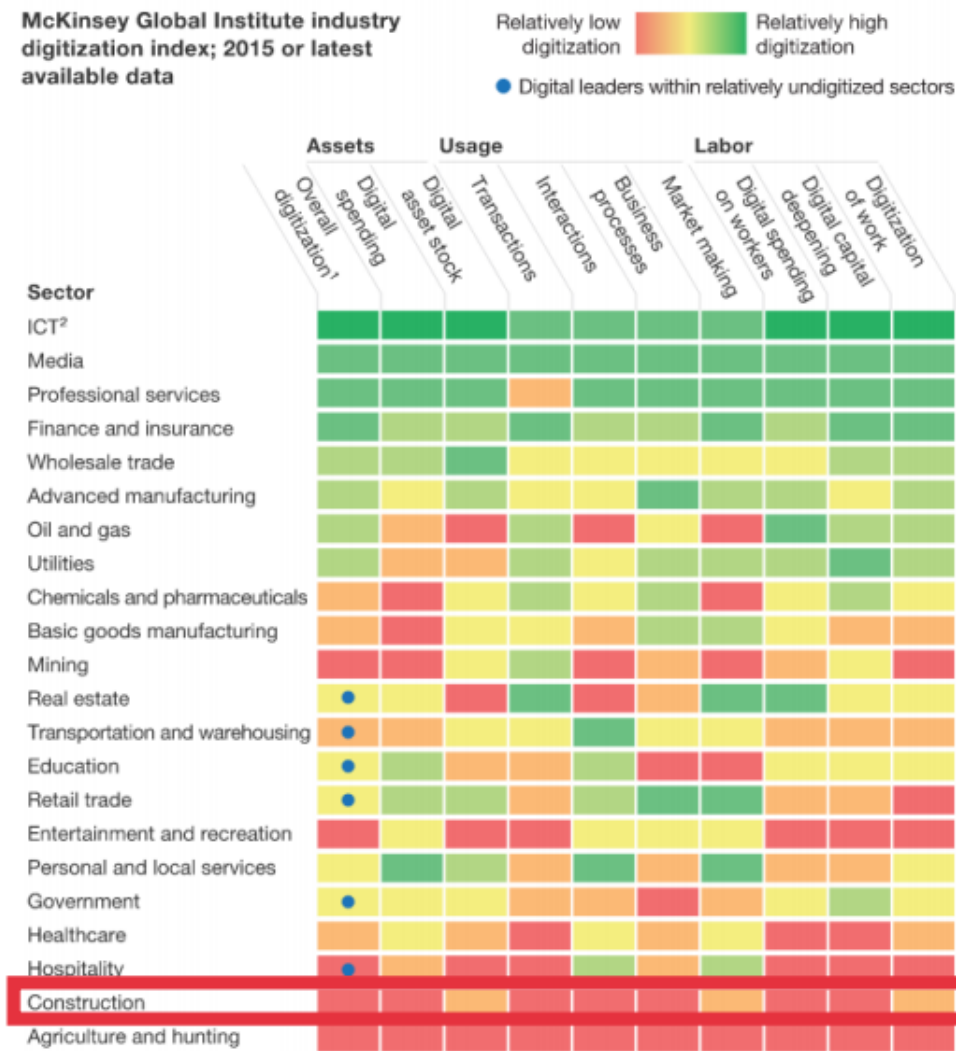
Notes:

All submissions are for construction spending put-in-place in billions of \$ (not adjusted for inflation) as benchmarked to U.S. Census Bureau releases.

The AIA Consensus Forecast is computed as an average of the forecasts provided by the panelists that submit forecasts for each of the included building categories.

Source: AIA Consensus

Appendix: McKinsey digitization index



CONSTRUCTION IS ONE OF THE LEAST DIGITIZED SECTORS

Construction is towards the bottom when it comes to digitization, with only agriculture and hunting falling beneath it. Many of these areas are less complex and could reduce the cost of services if automated (eg., transactions, business processes, etc.).

Source: McKinsey

PASADENA, Calif. – Oct. 28, 2025, Bluebeam, a leading developer of solutions and services for architecture, engineering, and construction (AEC) professionals worldwide and part of the Nemetschek Group, today released its 2026 *Building the Future: Bluebeam AEC Technology Outlook* report. Based on a global survey of over 1,000 AEC professionals, this year's report reveals:

- **AI adoption remains limited:** Only 27% of AEC firms use AI for automation, problem-solving, or decision-making, citing risk, cost, and integration challenges.

Source: Bluebeam